Learning about Which Plants can Thrive in a Changing Climate by Observation

Look around and see what plants reveal about the effects of climate change

M L ROBINSON

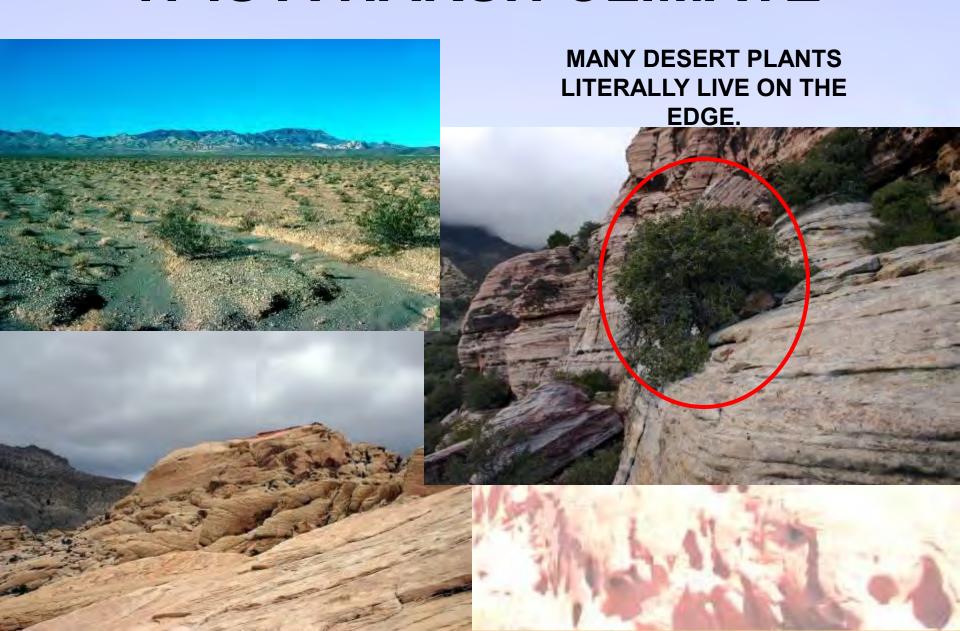
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LIVING AND GARDENING IN THE DESERT

DESERT-

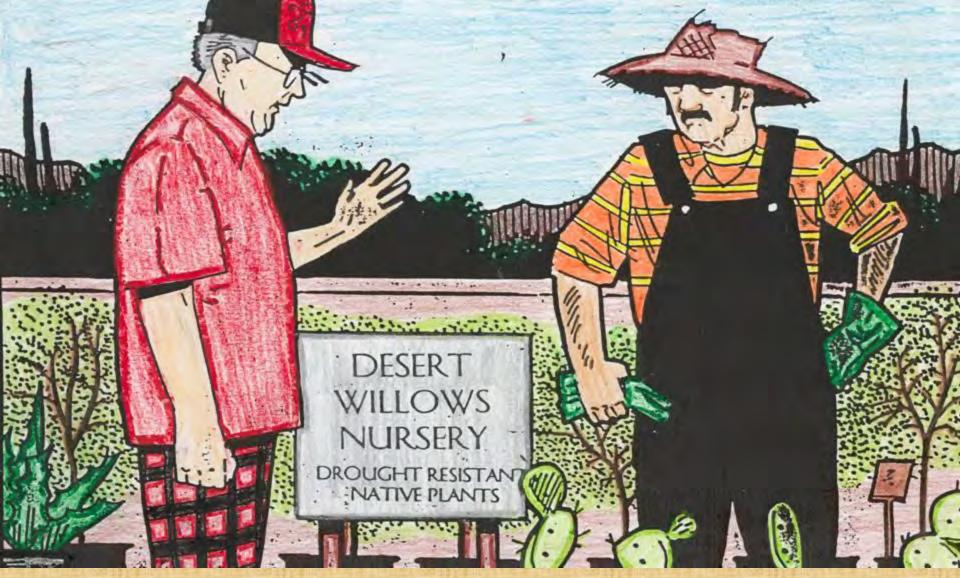
- LOW PRECIPITATION
- EVAPORATION EXCEEDS THE AMOUNT OF WATER THAT ENTERS THE SOIL
- TEMPERATURE- EXTREME HIGHS AND LOWS
- DRY WINDS- REMOVE MOISTURE FROM PLANTS
- AND GETTING HOTTER

IT IS A HARSH CLIMATE



IT IS A HARSH CLIMATE





HEY, DON'T GET ME WRONG. WE JUST LOVE LIVING IN THE SOUTHWEST. IT'S JUST ALL THIS DESERT STUFF THAT

WHY NATIVE AND NATIVE LIKE PLANTS AND GARDENS?

By surrounding ourselves with landscapes that reflect the true nature of our region, we embrace the unique character that makes the area such a wonderful place to live. The native garden is what nature intended in miniature. It's not about the plants. It's about generosity. It's about giving back to the land and giving oneself the pleasure and satisfaction of loving, getting involved, and tending a garden modeled after the natural beauty of the region. It's about giving to everyone that sees and enjoys it the opportunity to experience the authentic natural area you live in... (adapted from the Tree of Life Nursery web page MIKE EVANS)

WATER: A WORLDWIDE PROBLEM



Considerations for Plants in the Future:

- 1. Native plants may not survive future climate changes. Just because a plant is native to an area doesn't guarantee its survival under future climate shifts. Changing temperatures, precipitation patterns, and other environmental factors may challenge even the most climate-adapted plants.
- 2. Look both to the south and north of your region. Plants from the southern regions, like northern Mexico, may flourish as warmer temperatures spread. However, there may also be exceptions, such as unexpected cold extremes in some winters. For example, Texas has seen fluctuations in temperature that impact plant survival of both native and native-like plants.
- 3. Current climates are not fixed; regions have had different climates in the past. Our local climates today are a snapshot in time and have fluctuated historically. Plants that thrived in past climates may still offer valuable indications of what can survive under future conditions.

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Desert Carpet Acacia Acacia redolens





Look at other plants in the bed. It may be lack of water??



CHECK OUT NURSERIES. WHAT PLANTS ARE DOING WELL IN CONTAINERS WHEN TEMPERATURES ARE EXTREME?



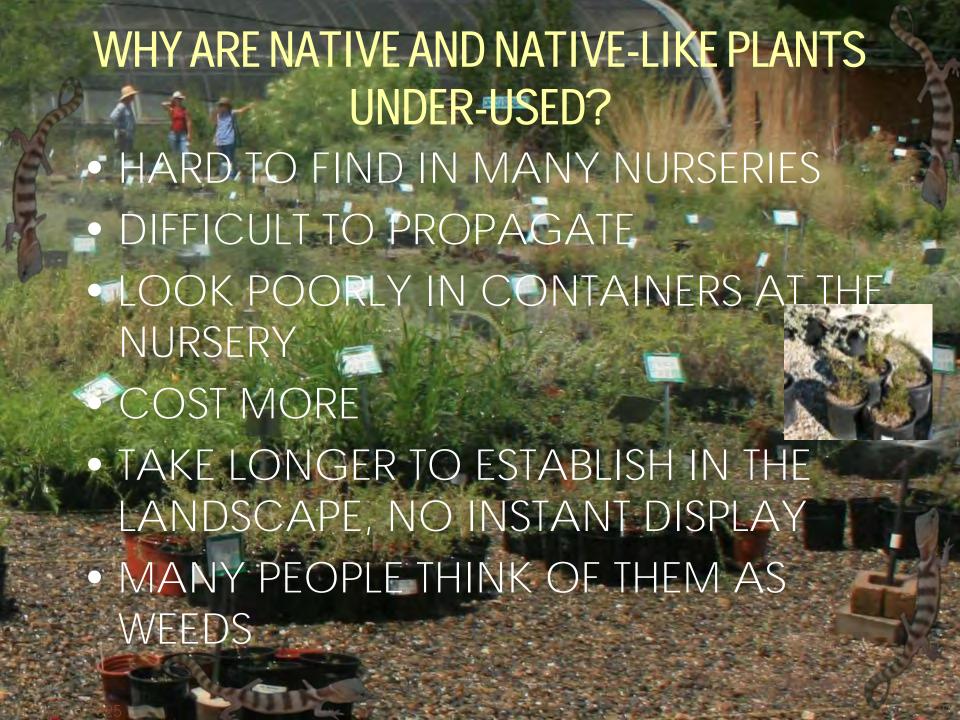
Cold Damage in a Nursery 23







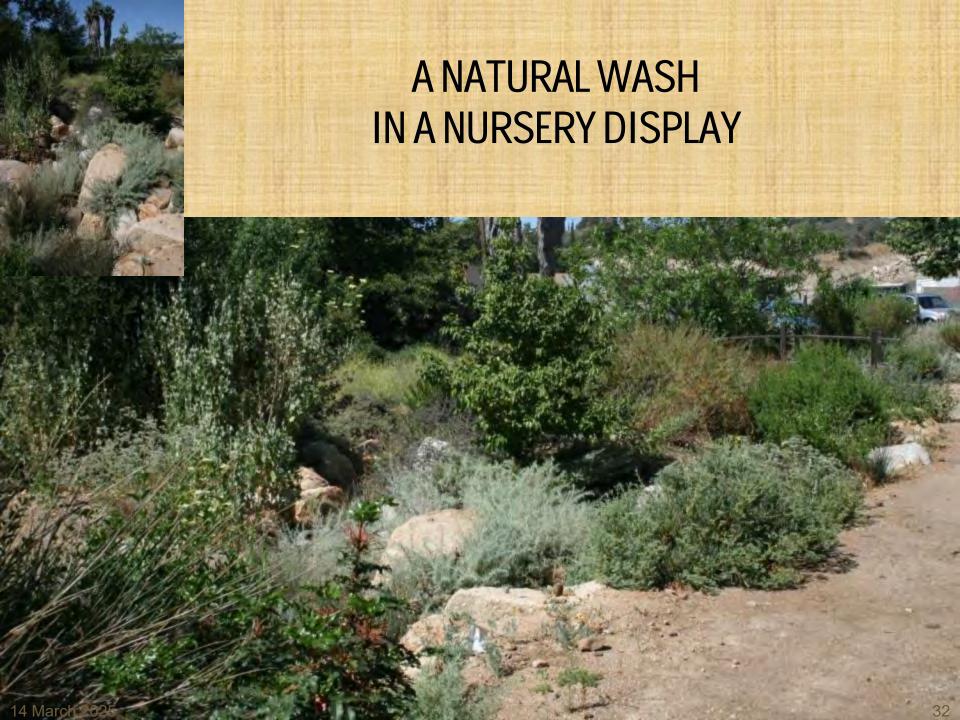












NATIVE DESERT PLANTS AND ADAPTIVE PLANTS ARE NOT ONLY PRACTICAL, BUT



NATIVE PLANTS







NATIVE PLANTS







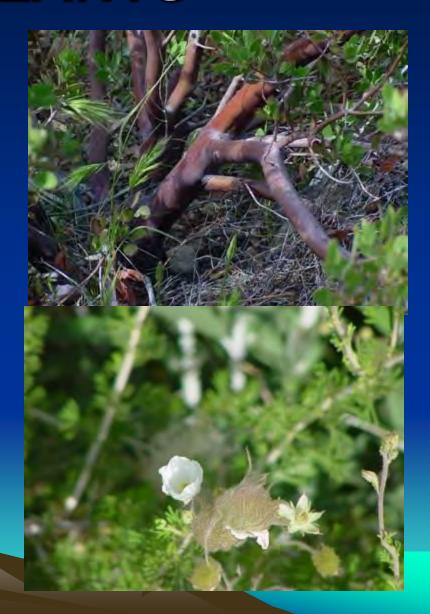
NATIVE PLANTS





NATIVE PLANTS





NATIVE PLANTS IN THE LANDSCAPE



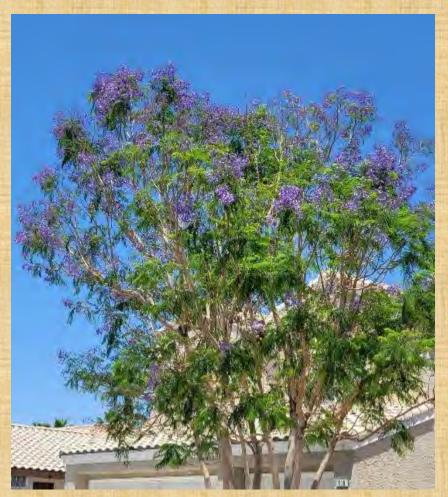








Jacaranda Jacaranda mimosifolia





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Plant small trees or large growing shrubs for street trees. Buy smaller containers, 5 or 10 gal.



NATIVES ARE TOUGH







when this week literally killed you but then you remember you have plants that depend on you



REMEMBER CLIMATE CHANGEIS REAL

 The USDA and Forest Service Ordered to Remove Climate Change References, suppressing Critical Public Data.

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THERE ARE MANY OTHER PLANTS OUT THERE TO BE TRIED

XANTHORRHOEA QUADRANGULATA











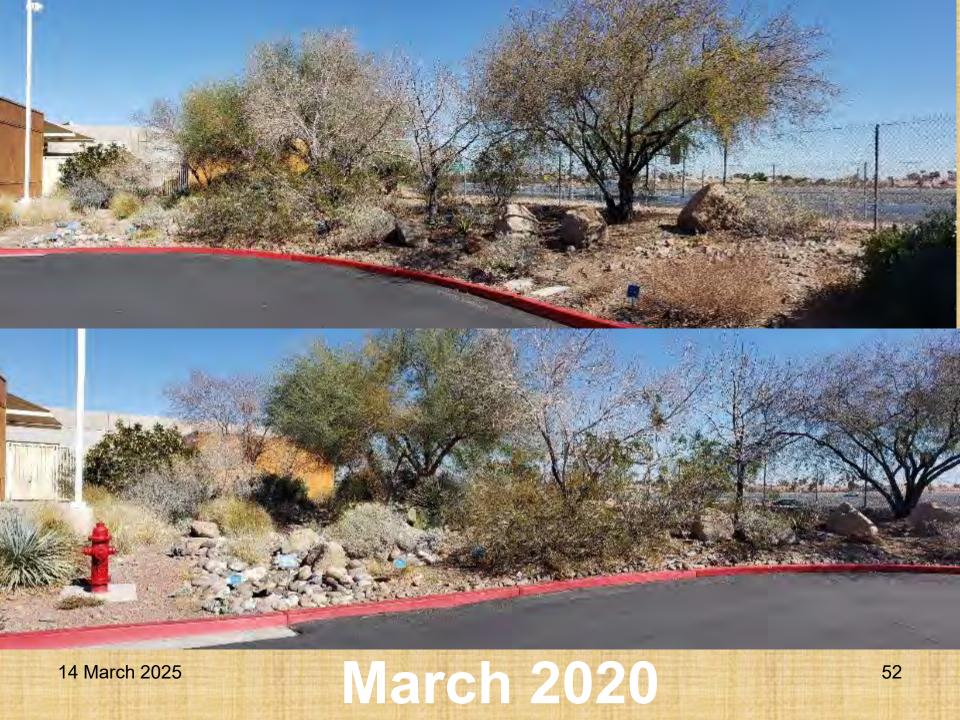
MARCH 2011

14 March 2025



SEPTEMBER 2016

14 March 2025 51

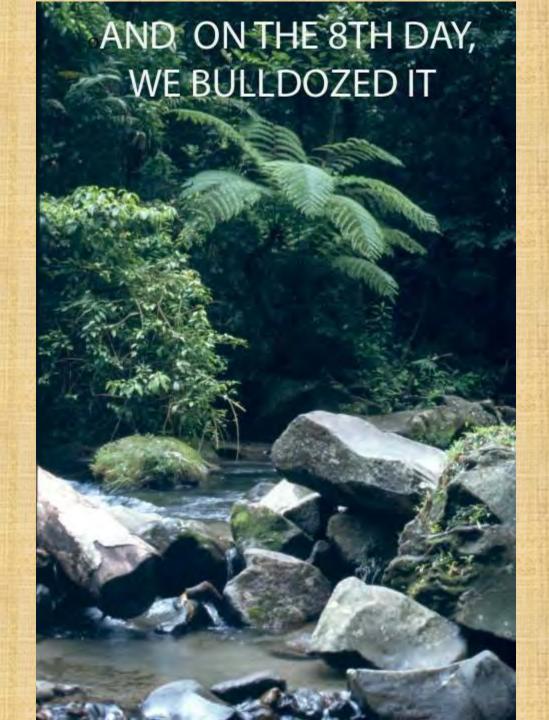


OUR POT OF GOLD AT THE END OF THE RAINBOW



DESERT DENIAL

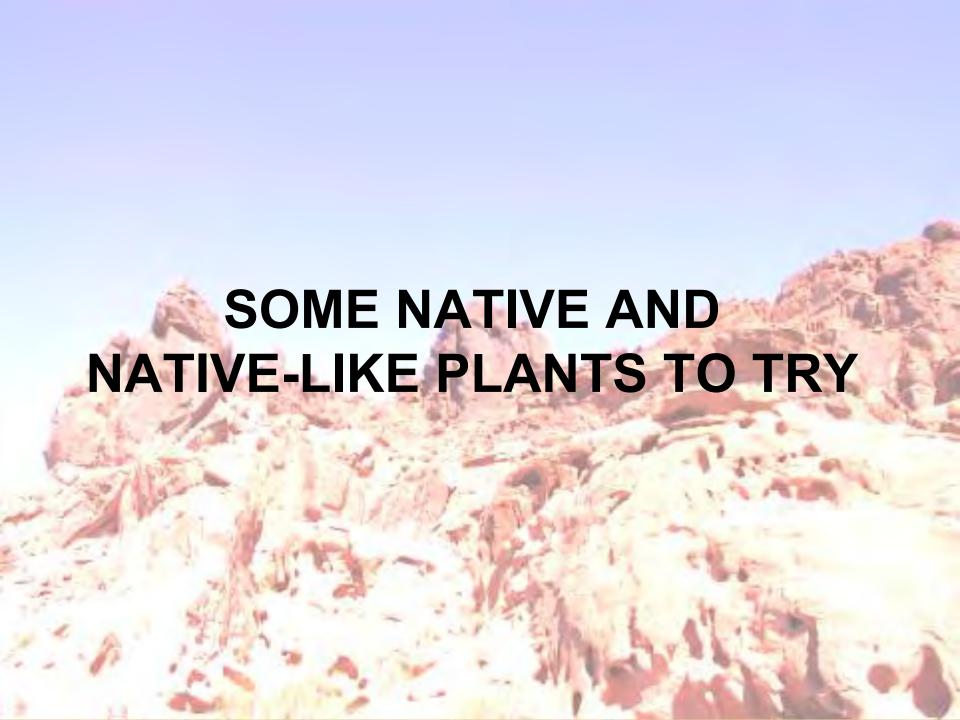


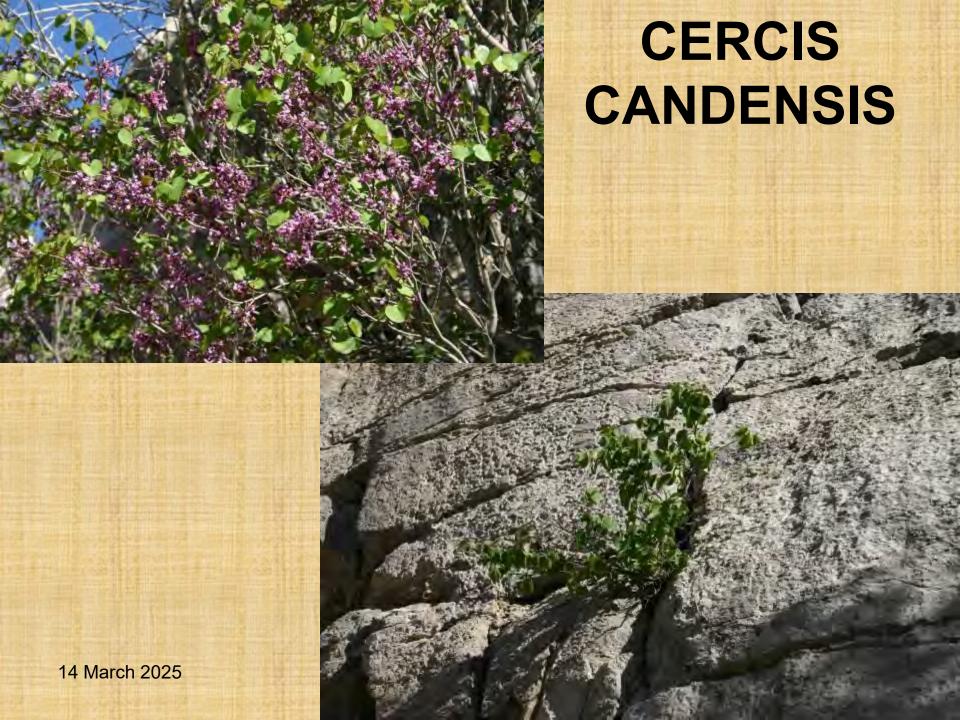


THE GOAL

TO FIND TOUGH
BEAUTIES FOR
THE
LANDSCAPE









CERCIS



Chilopsis linearis Desert Willow





Chilopsis linearis Desert Willow





Many Cultivars



Art's Seedless™



Warren Jones ™

Lucretia
Hamilton ™

14 March 2025

Many Cultivars



RIO SALADO



DESERT DIVA





Many Cultivars



SWEET BUBBATM







FICUS AFGHANISTANICA



- **•SURVIVED TWO COLD WINTERS**
- •NO DAMAGE WITH TEMPERATURES AS LOW AS 8 F
- **•DECIDUOUS**
- •WILD HEIGHT 80 FEET'
 CULTIVATED UNKNOWN
- **•SMALL EDIBLE FRUIT**
- DROUGHT TOLERANT TWO YEARS WITH NO IRRIGATION OR RAIN
- •NATIVE TO AFGHANISTAN

 CONTACT YUCCADO.COM

NERIUM OLEANDER Growing in a Vacant Lot no Irrigation Las Vegas NV.



SIMPSON STOPPER

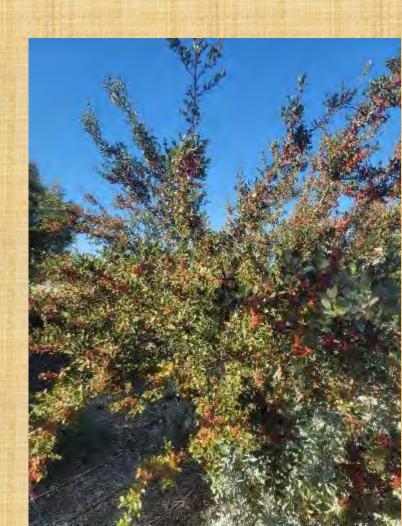
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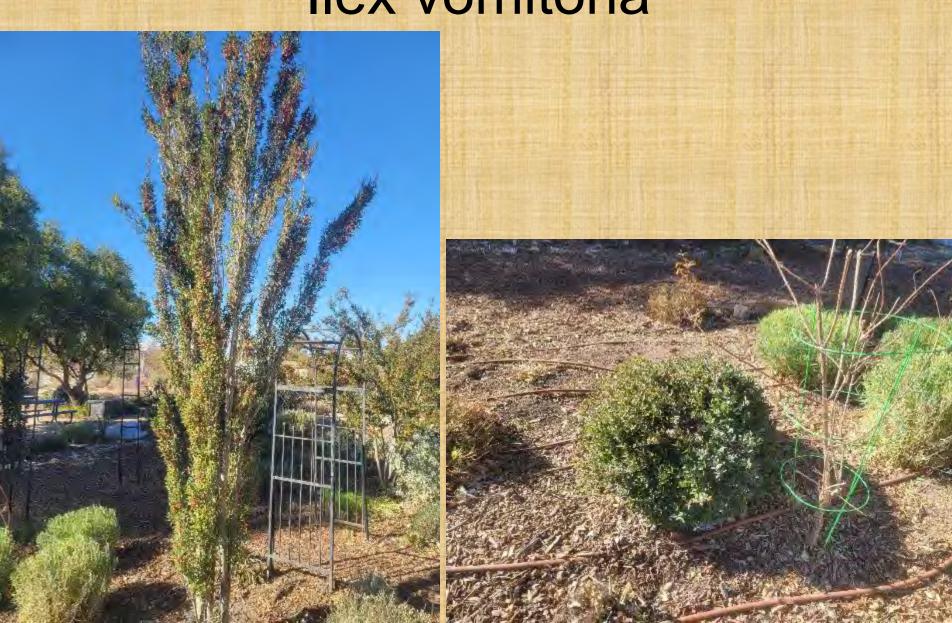


llex vomitoria





llex vomitoria







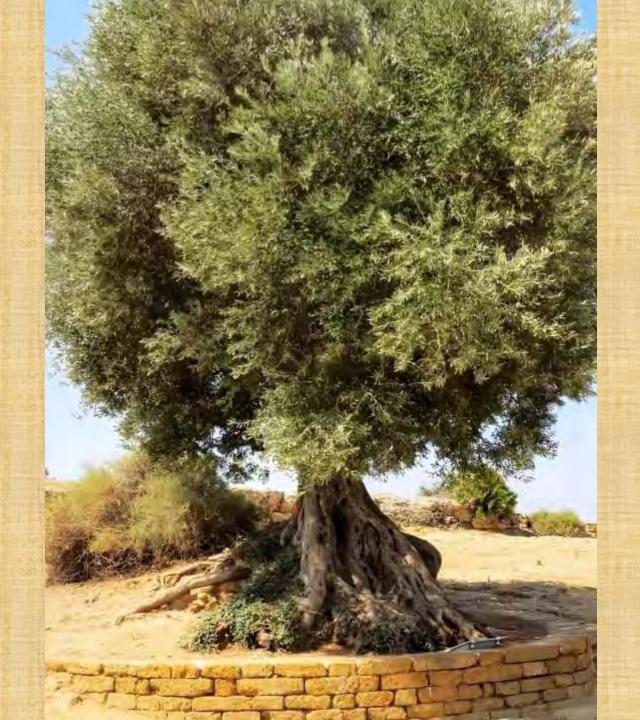








600-Year-Old Olive Tree





SOPHORA SECUNDIFLORA TEXAS MOUNTAIN LAUREL



SOPHORA SECUNDIFLORA TEXAS MOUNTAIN LAUREL





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A VERY OLD TREE





VAUQUELINIA CORYUMBOSA

NUEVO LEON OR WEEPING ROSEWOOD





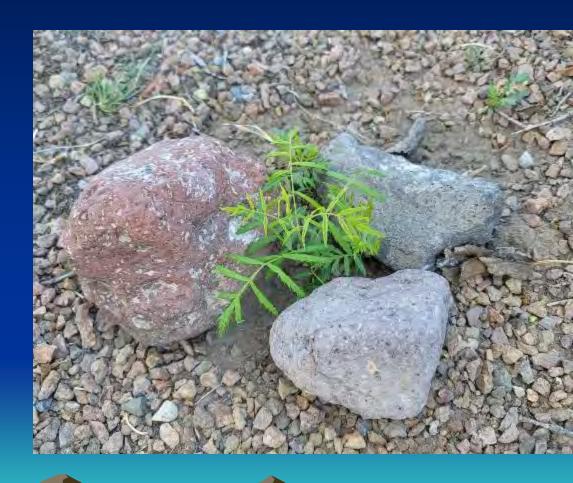












NMSU-ACES Fact Sheet

The Remarkable Yellowhorn Tree: A Botanical Marvel Xanthoceras sorbifolium

BE BOLD. Shape the Future. New Mexico State University



Introduction (https://asademic.oup.com/gigascience/articlegdf/8/6/giz070/28864615/giz070.pdf)

The **Yellowhorn tree** (<u>Xanthoceras sorbifolium</u>) is a captivating and lesser-known plant that deserves our attention. Native to northern China and Korea, this deciduous shrub or small tree offers not only ornamental beauty but also a host of edible delights. In this paper, we will explore the fascinating world of the Yellowhorn tree, from its appearance, medicinal properties, and drought tolerance, to its culinary and cosmetic industry potentials.

Appearance and Growth

Size and Foliage:

- Yellowhorn trees typically reach a height of 6 to 24 feet.
- Their glossy dark green leaves resemble those of a sumac, with paler undersides.
- In spring, before leafing out, Yellowhorn burst into sprays of white blossoms adorned with greenish-yellow streaks and a blush of red at their base.

2 Fruit and Seeds

- The resulting fruit is round to pear-shaped, resembling a tennis ball.
- These fruit capsules start green and gradually mature to a yellow-tan color.
- Inside, they are sectioned into 3-4 chambers, each containing up to 12 shiny, black seeds.
- When ripe, the fruit splits into 3-4 sections, revealing a spongy white interior pulp and the round, purplish black seeds.
- Recent results indicate that xanthoceraside, a novel triterpenoid saponin extracted from Yellowhorn husks, has an antitumor effect and the potential to treat Alzheimer disease.

Culinary Delights

1. Edible Leaves and Flowers:

- All parts of the Yellowhorn tree are edible.
- The leaves and flowers can be incorporated into culinary creations.
- Imagine adding delicate Yellowhorn blossoms to salads or infusing them into teas.

NMSU-ACES Fact Sheet

The Remarkable Yellowhorn Tree: A Botanical Marvel Xanthoceras sorbifolium

 Yellowhorn leaves contain 14-18% protein, making them an excellent leal tea.

2. Nutty Seeds:

- The real star of the show is the Yellowhom's seeds.
- These seeds taste remarkably like macadamia nuts, albeit with a slightly, waxier texture due to the high oil content.
- Imagine cracking open a Yellowhorn seed and savoring its rich, buttery, and nutty flavor.

Oil Content:

- Yellowhorn tree fruit husks can contain <40% oil, and the seed alone is an impressive 40-72% oil.
- Currently, Yellowhorn trees are being cultivated for use as cooking oil, cosmetics, tea, medicinal properties, and biofuel.

Etymology and History

7. Name Origins:

- The genus name, Xanthoceres, has intriguing roots:
- Some sources suggest it comes from the Greek words for "yellow" and "horn," referring to the yellowish horn-like glands between the petals.
- . Regardless, the name evokes the tree's unique beauty.

2. Cultivation and Spread

- Yellowhorn trees have been cultivated since the 1620s in Russia.
- German botanist Bunge bestowed the official name in 1833.
- They traveled from China to France in 1866 and eventually reached North America sometime in the late 19th Century.
- Trees are cultivated for their high oil content, medicinal properties, and ability to survive drought conditions.
- Seed oil is high in Nervonic Acid (3.04%), used for cognitive brain function, Aizheimer's, and other neurological functions.
- Today, China cultivates Yellowhorn for use as biofuel due to its high oil content, drought tolerance, and sustainability.

Conclusion

The Vellowhorn tree, with its edible seeds and striking appearance, is a testament to nature's creativity. As we appreciate its beauty, let us also celebrate its medicinal and culmary contributions. Next time you encounter a Vellowhorn, remember that it's not just a rare speciment it's a botanical marvel waiting to be explored!

Jeffrey L. Ansamson, M.S. Agronging and Horticultura Agent

Dorfor Anni County Cooperative Externion Service, New Missico State University 1179 North Solano Drive, Suite M., Lan Cruces, NM 88001

(languagement edg); 1-575-525-4649

You can now "LRC" us on Facebook! Look for us: www.facebook.com/dorumesotemion



Ziziphus jujube

Jujube tree

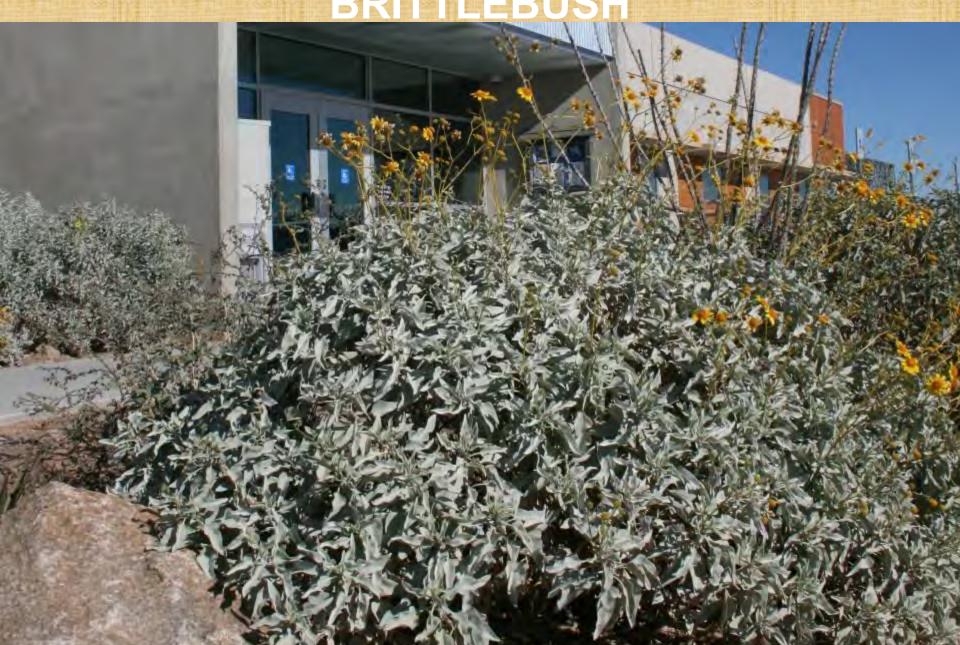


Pictures from the internet



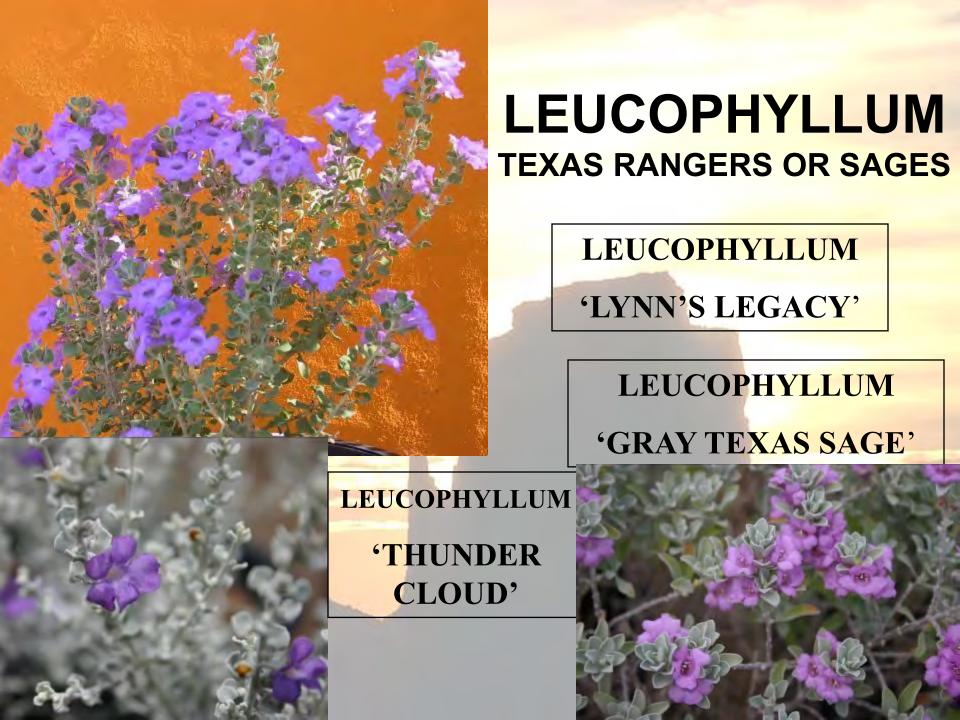


ENCELIA FARINOSA BRITTLEBUSH



FORESTIERA NEOMEXICANA NATIVE PRIVET











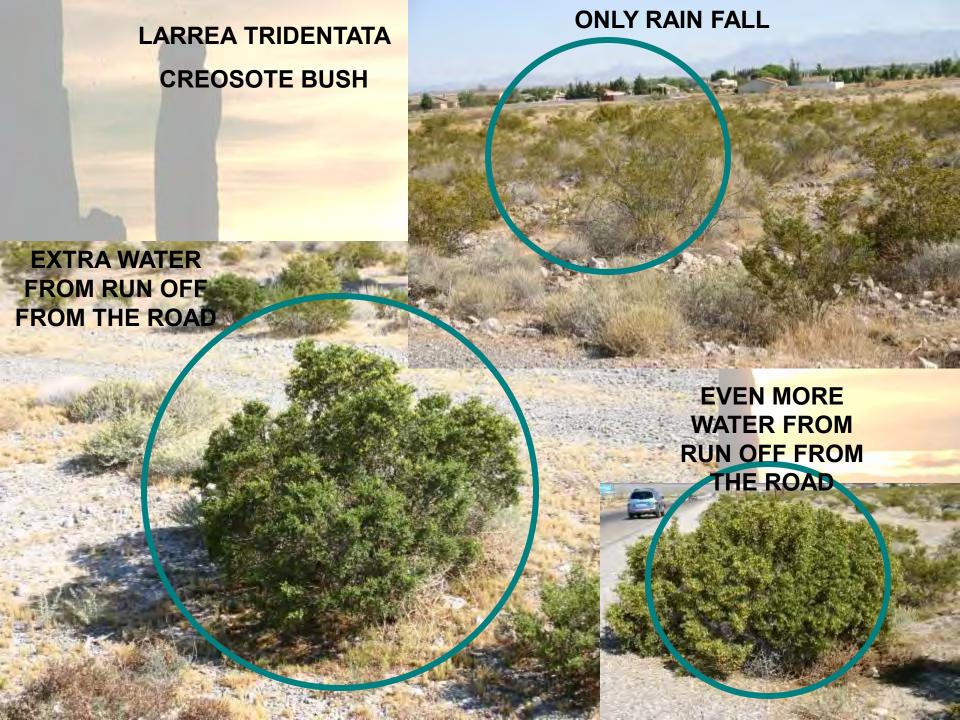


LARREA TRIDENTATA CREOSOTE BUSH



20 YEARS IN THE LANDSCAPE WITH LITTLE OR NO IRRIGATION





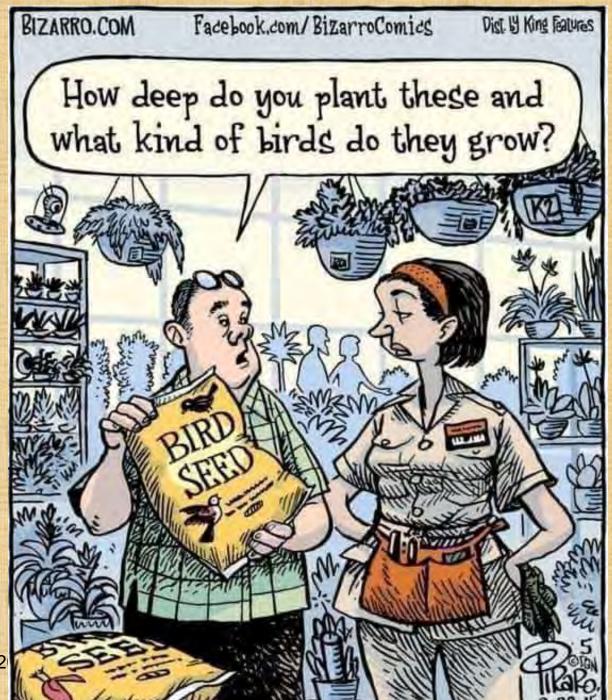




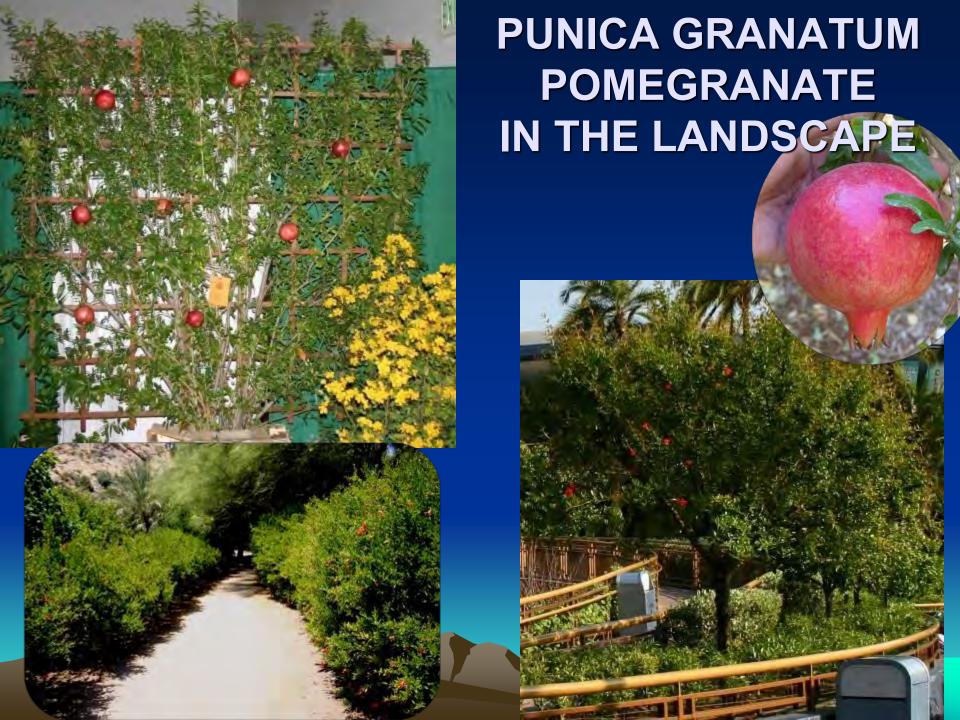
DON'T PRUNE IN BALLS OR SQUARES



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Phenix theophrastus



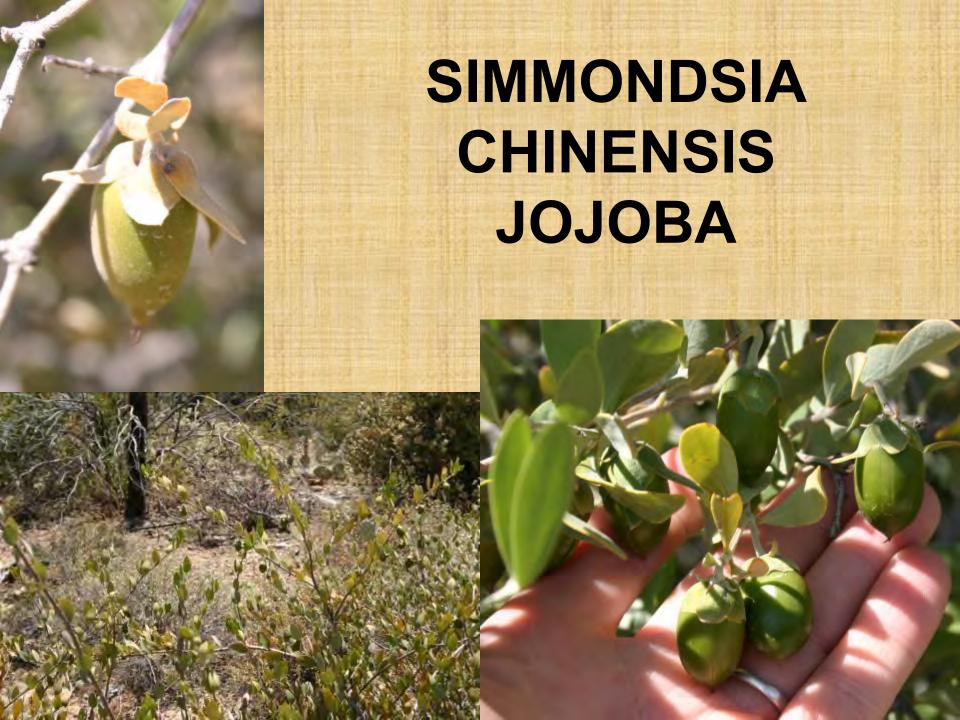


SABAL MEXICANA



BISMARCKIA NOBILIS LAKE HAVASU AZ



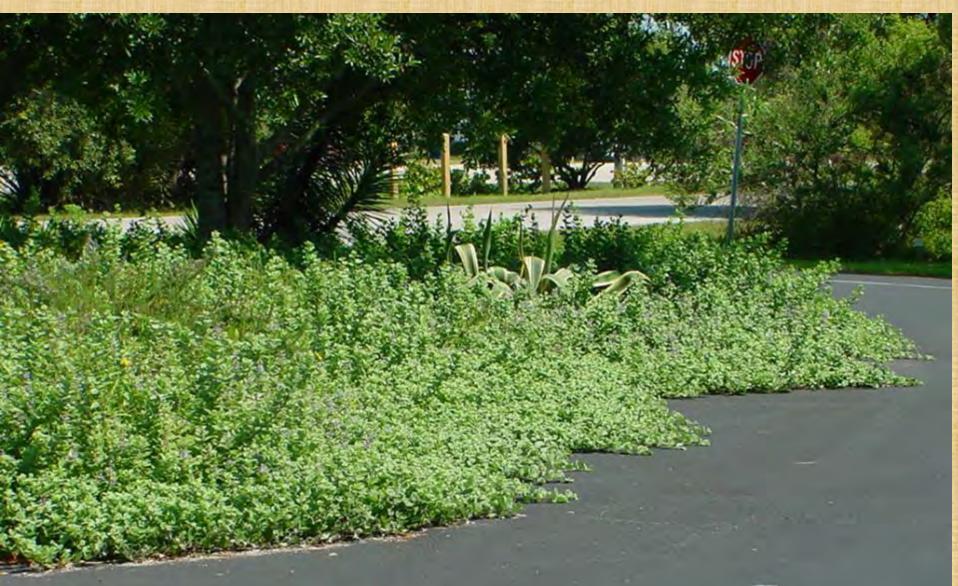


VITEX ROTUNDIFOLIA



VITEX ROTUNDIFOLIA

VINING OR BEACH VITEX





EPHEDRA EQUISETINA MONGOLIAN EPHEDRA









RHODOPHIALA BIBIDA

TEXAS OXBLOOD LILY

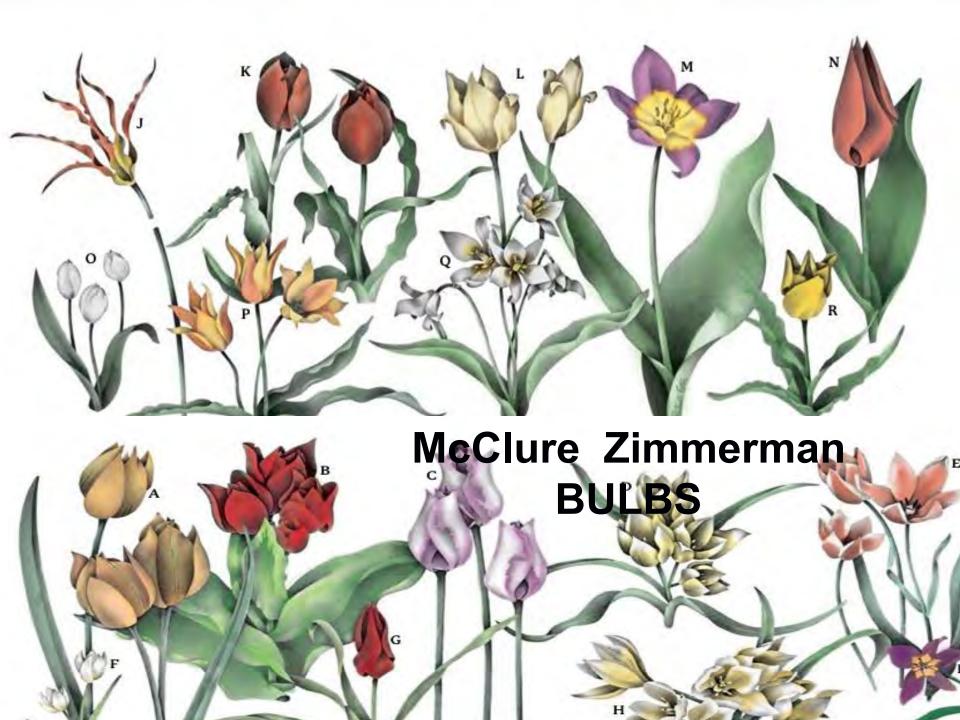


RHODOPHIALA BIBIDA

TEXAS OXBLOOD LILY







Abronia angustifolia Purple sand verbena







ZAUCHNERIA CALIFORNICA CALIFORNIA FUCHSIA





WINE GRAPES











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WHERE TO FIND NEW PLANTS

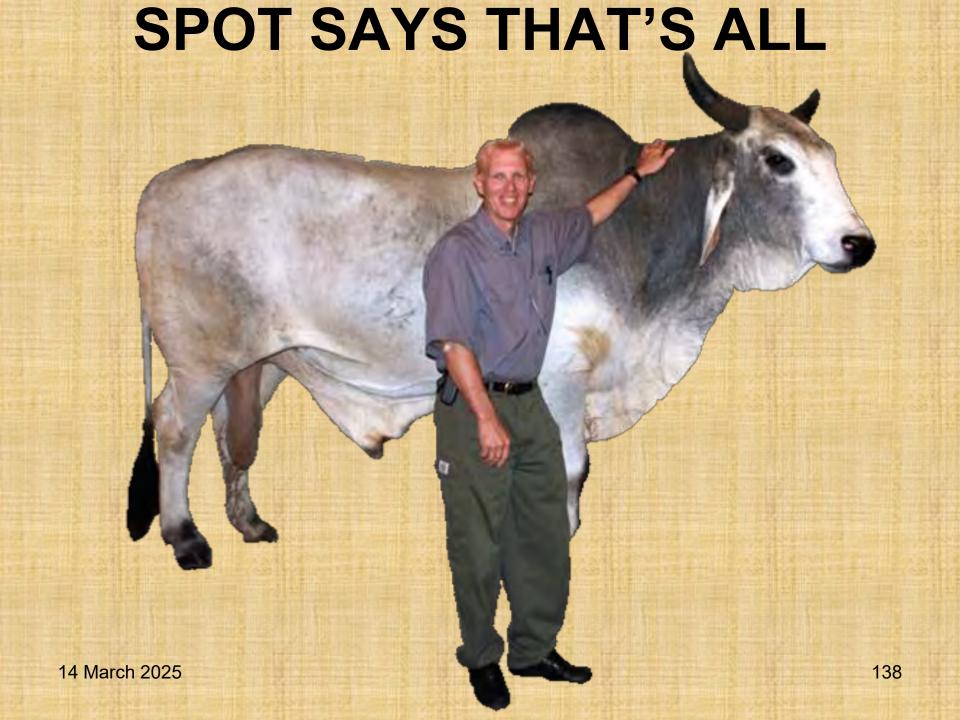
- TREE OF LIFE NURSERY SAN JUAN CAPISTRANO, CA
- HIGH COUNTRY GARDENS ALMOST EDEN
- McClure & Zimmerman BULBS
- AUSTRALIAN OUTBACK PLANTATION TONOPAH, AZ
- Civano wholesale Nursery 5301 S Houghton Rd, Tucson, AZ. 85747 520 546 9200

WHERE TO FIND NEW PLANTS

- PLANT DELIGHTS NURSERY
- MOUNTAIN STATES WHOLESALE

 NURSERY, LITCHFIELD PARK, AZ

 (WHOLESALE ONLY BUT GOOD INFORMATION AND YOUR
 LOCAL NURSERY CAN ORDER FROM THEM)
- KW PALMS LAKE ELSINORE CA KW Palms & Cycads ~ Kevin Weaver palms4u2@verizon.net http://www.kwpalmsandcycads.com/





- THANK YOU TO THE FOLLOWING FOR PICTURES AND INFORMATION
- KATHY KASTA, CALIFORNIA DEPT OF AG./PATHOLOGY
- DENNIS SWARTZELL, MOUNTAIN STATES NURSERY LAS
 VEGAS NV
- DENIES McConnell, SNWA LAS VEGAS NV
- TUCSON DESERT MUSEUM TUCSON AZ (FROM WEB PAGES)

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